

LAUNCHING A FAMILY PLANNING **PROJECT DURING A PANDEMIC:**

DISC Project COVID-19 Adaptations Brief



Adaptation:

Any modification made to a planned program's activities, interventions, approach or funding due to COVID-19.



NUMBER OF ADAPTATIONS IN UGANDA

5 Social Behavior Change

4 Self-Injection Study Design

As COVID-19 spread across Uganda, PSI's Delivering Innovation in Self-Care (DISC) project, funded by the Children's Investment Fund Foundation (CIFF), rapidly adapted their approaches to launch their family planning (FP) programs, which was in the start-up phase. To document and share crucial lessons learned, from May-November 2020, Research for Scalable Solutions (R4S) had supported the monitoring of DISC's COVID-19 program adaptations in Uganda, which started while the DISC project was still in its pilot phase. This brief highlights key insights of DISC's COVID-19 adaptations, across two major activity categories: social behavior change, and activities related to the self-injection study design. Though COVID-19 continues to impact FP programs, the DISC team in Uganda has identified adaptions that will be maintained in a post-pandemic setting.

Research for

ABOUT DISC

Launched in January 2020, this CIFF-funded project utilizes consumer insights to support women in voluntarily choosing their own pathway to FP. This includes supporting informed demand efforts and capacity for self-care, such as self-injectable FP products.

SOCIAL BEHAVIOR CHANGE



COVID-19 CHALLENGE

Social Media Engagement

During the COVID-19 lockdown, DISC depended on social media posts (Twitter, Facebook, and Instagram) for program engagement and FP method continuation promotion. However, the social media engagement posts had initially had very little engagement.

ADAPTATION

#Ndisteady FP Promotion Campaign



SOCIAL BEHAVIOR CHANGE IMPACT

#NdiSteady Campaign

#NdiSteady campaign.

- · Paid advertisement on Twitter, Facebook, and Instagram platforms greatly boosted engagement with targeted audience.
- · Collaboration with influencers across social media platforms brought higher content engagement.
- Linked 161 hotline (an interactive voice/SMS response messaging system) to existing e-referral platform to maintain engagement with those already present in the system.















COVID-19 CHALLENGE

Low Initial Content Engagement

Digital campaign saw initial low engagement rates, especially for audio messages.

ADAPTATION

Online, SMS, & Audio FP push-messaging to 161

- Market research and engagement data was leveraged to tailor campaign approach in an attempt to meet audience on platforms they were already using.
- Timing of messaging pushes were altered to send during periods when clients were more likely to pick up, such as after work hours and weekends.

Key Lesson

Closing the Service Delivery Loop

 Important to track client's digital journey and user experience to FP service delivery and understand barriers that prevent clients from moving from online platforms to facilities.

SERVICE DELIVERY IMPACT



Click here to watch a Facebook Video on Sayana Press linking young women to 161 FP hotline

66161 has better reach for rural target audience"
Program Manager

SELF-INJECTION STUDY DESIGN

O COVID-19 CHALLENGE

National prohibition of in-person data collection activities halted research to inform design of self-injection intervention.

ADAPTATION

Remote Phone-Based Data Collection

- For both consumer and provider research, protocols and methods were amended to include a phone-based data collection approach.
- Collected phone-based "quick research" to inform study design.
- Implemented a WhatsApp "digital companion" to allow for any follow-up questions and/or feedback to be shared via group messaging.

ADAPTATION

Virtual Data Collection Training

 The planned in-person training workshop was adjusted to an online setting, which incorporated multiple 2-hour long sessions, and the ability for the trainees to submit follow up questions/feedback via a WhatsApp group.

Key Lesson

Remote Data Collection & Remote Training

- Training success was dependent on network connectivity and it proved to be difficult to recruit respondents in rural areas with weaker cellular connectivity.
- Study organizers must consider selection bias (since all participants must have phones) and the lack of potential non-verbal feedback.
- Shorter, multi-session trainings are more effective at maintaining trainee engagement than longer single sessions.

SELF-INJECTION STUDY DESIGN IMPACT

By January 2021, **94 provider interviews** had been conducted.

INTEGRATION OF ADAPTATIONS BEYOND COVID-19

Guided by insights on cost-effectiveness and potential increase in reaching young women, DISC will be integrating a number of adaptations into their routine FP programs, even beyond COVID-19.

Those adaptations include:

Demand Creation for FP Services:

- The use of popular social media platforms.
- The use of video content and collaboration with influencers.

Self-Injection Study Design:

 Virtual data collection trainings: continuing short, multisession format, with opportunities for participants to follow up with feedback over WhatsApp.

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